

January

Approximately 85,000 people are internally displaced due to

Intense fighting centred in Anbar Governorate cities of Fallujah and Ramadi increases the number of IDPs to 380,000.

Access to basic services in areas controlled by armed groups deteriorating.

June
The conflict increases the number

of IDPs from central and northern

Tikrit to 650,000 and from Anbar

Governorate to 550,000.

parts of Iraq including cities of Mosul and

Violence in northern Irag and several regions of the country has resulted in an increase in the number of displaced Iragis

ontinued fighting increases the number of IDPs to approximately 140,000.

Source IOM-Iraq DTM November 2014

TOP FIVE DISPLACEMENT MOVEMENT TRENDS

February

NINEWA	>	DAHUK
ANBAR	359,634	ANBAR
NINEWA	166,248	NINEWA
SALAH AL-DIN	>	KIRKUK
NINEWA	· 79,302 ······	NAJAF





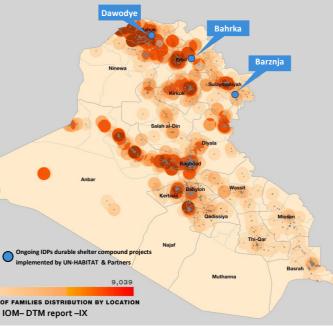
UN@HABITAT FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE

DURABLE SHELTER SUPPORT FOR IDPS IN IRAQ

2014/2015

he recent rise of the group that calls itself Islamic State (IS) and its expansion into northern Iraq resulted in additional displacements in the region. This situation is accelerating. In August 2014, IS' attacks on the local communities in northern Iraq triggered the internal displacement of some 800,000 persons into three governorates of the Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KRI), namely Duhuk, Erbil and Sulaymaniyah. Within a month between August and September 2014, the number of internally displaced persons (IDPs) more than quintupled from 96,000 to 520,000 in Duhuk, and increased by 50 per cent from 117,000 to 170,000 in Erbil.

While some of the displaced persons in the KRI were able to stay temporarily with their rela-



tives or to rent apartments, massive numbers of IDPs are still in need of shelter and basic services. To address such needs, the Government of the KRI, UN agencies and international NGOs have been providing camps and temporary shelters as part of their emergency re-

In early August, UN-HABITAT launched a project titled "Durable Shelter support for IDPs in Iraq" The initiative, funded by the Saudi Humanitarian Fund, aims to develop infrastructure and public facilities including 5,339 temporary prefabricated shelter units as well as medical facilities and schools in three shelter sites located in Dawodye (Dohuk); Barznja (Sulaymaniyah) and Bahrka (Erbil). Prefab shelter solutions are considered as dignified and

durable as well as suitable for fast installation and protection from harsh weather conditions. Additionally, due to the protracted nature of this displacement crisis, the adopted prefab shelter solution is more economically feasible for the medium and long term sheltering. This project brings together the expertise of different UN agencies to tackle the multidimensional challenges of the crisis, enabling timely, effective and efficient responses. The Governorates of Do-

huk, Sulaymaniyah and

Erbil allocated lands in Dawodye (34.2ha), Barznja (3.1ha), and Bahrka (12.1ha), respectively, as temporary shelter sites. UN-HABITAT carried out with the three governorates the site selection, preparation, planning, production and implementation of the shelters, while ensuring the coordination of site developments with its partners. The partner agencies: IOM, UNDP, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNOPS and WHO, are supporting the implementation of infrastructures, basic services and social amenities.

Under the first phase of the project, 879 pre-

fabricated temporary shelters are currently being installed by UN-HABITAT in partnership with local NGOs, to be distributed to IDPs based on selection criteria seeking to identify those who are in urgent needs among the displaced families. IOM provided 500 prefabricated temporary shelters in the project site in Dawodye/ Dohuk. To develop basic infrastructure in the temporary shelter sites, UNDP is installing roads, electricity supply system, water supply system, sanitation facilities; UNOPS is installing solar streetlights and providing solar lamp kits to each households; UNESCO and UNICEF are constructing schools; WHO is providing clinics and medical equipment; and UNFPA is establishing reproductive health clinics and women spaces based on the shelter arrangement plans for the three project

In Dawodye/ Dohuk the accommodation of beneficiaries will start by end of December. Respective Governorate will be responsible for maintaining the prefabricated shelters and public facilities that are installed as well as for providing services.

Participating Agencies





















IDPs Durable Shelter Compounds, Future Development Perspective and Funding Gap

The crisis is one of the world's most complex humanitarian crises with the surge in IDPs, security-related concerns and access as the main challenges in delivering assistance. According to the Iraq Strategic Response Plan (SRP), approximately 800,000 people are in urgent need of emergency shelter assistance. In the Kurdistan region where temperatures normally drop below zero, at least 390,000 newly displaced people require urgent shelter assistance. UN-Habitat initiated the "Durable Shelter support for IDPs in Iraq" project, with a total capacity of **5,339** prefab shelter units to host 32,034 IDPs. In August, UN-Habitat received generous donation of USD 7,850,850 from the Government of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia which enabled it to manage the construction of 879 Prefab Shelter Units to host over 5,274 IDPs coming from Ninawa, Anbar, Salaheldeen and Diala (in addition to

500 prefab units delivered by IOM to Duhok, Dawodye site). Almost 33.2% of the planned total capacity of the IDPs shelter sites has been developed in this phase through the available fund with the complementary involvement of partner agen-

In order to complete the already planned/developed sites and to provide convenient shelter support to over **23,964** IDPs, the current funding gap is approximately **32,500,000** \$. This phase can be implemented in the same pace and efficiency, benefiting from the established institutional coordination structure with the local government and UN partners, as well as the UN-Habitat field engineers and technicians already deployed on site.

UN-Habitat jointly with the local governments has selected new sites in Baghdad, Anbar and Karbala to replicate and upscale its durable shelter interventions during 2015. The agency is actively working on resources mobilization with donor community.

8,124 IDPs Total capacity current phase (UN-HABITAT + IOM)

23,964 IDPs Projected total capacity

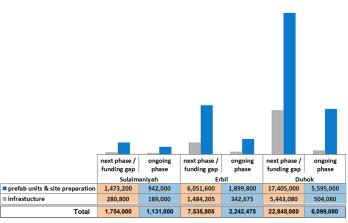


81% until 1st Dec

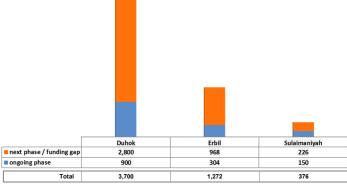


US\$ 9,5 M **Current Phase Budget**

US\$ 32,5 M Next phase / Funding Gap



Overall Projects Cost in US\$



Shower WC (-



View of Dawodye project site as of 25 November 2014

Prefab Unit Sample 22.5 m2

Projects Capacity in no. of Prefab Units