UN-Habitat signs Memorandum of Understanding with Turkana County Government on supporting Sustainable Urban Development

UN-Habitat has been supporting Turkana County to acquire the skills and knowledge needed to deliver effective sustainable planning to better serve the hosts and refugees in the County. The agreement with Turkana County, will provide an opportunity for the localization of the New Urban Agenda (NUA) and the Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 11, which aims to make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, and resilient.

The memorandum of understanding (MoU) comes as a follow up to previous cooperation with the county and the UN refugee agency (UNHCR) to deliver similar planning recommendations for the Kalobeyei Settlement located in Turkana West sub-county. The planning of this settlement has become one of the best practices on how urban planning can support the integration of refugees and the host community as well enable the efficient provision of infrastructure and basic services.

The County Secretary, Peter Eripete, who led the signing ceremony on behalf of the Turkana County Governor, highlighted that “the collaboration with UN-Habitat will enhance the county’s capacity to harness the benefits that come with urbanization with focus on the nine towns that the County Government has so far planned for.”

The new MoU will focus on Urban Governance, Planning, Basic Services, Land, Housing and Property Rights, and Urban Economy and Finance in Turkana County. The main objectives and outcomes expected in this MoU include: Developing spatial plans for major settlements in Turkana West sub-county; Developing strategies for infrastructural development and provision of basic services;
Conducting situational analysis to inform urban planning processes; Institutional capacity in relevant ministries in planning, administration, and governance to be enhanced; Strengthening land management through land governance, adjudication processes including housing land and property rights, and supporting of environmental management, climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies.

"Drawing from experience during the planning of Kalobeyei Settlement and the ongoing process for getting a Joint municipality status for Kakuma and Kalobeyei (Which will include two refugee settlements and two towns) in Turkana west sub-county, UN-Habitat is committed in bringing their global and regional expertise and experience in urban planning and land governance to strengthen Turkana County Government's efforts towards promoting sustainable urbanisation," said Ivana Unluova, UN-Habitat’s Senior Programme Advisor.

Charles Wagura, the representative for UN-Habitat Regional Office of Africa added that "Urban areas are engines of economic growth and centres of innovation, and, therefore, preparing and planning for urbanisation will bring a lot of transformation in the County's development."

**UN-Habitats’ Mandate**

The United Nations Human Settlements Programmes (UN-Habitat) is assisting local governments in developing well-planned and efficient human settlements, with adequate housing, infrastructure, and universal access to employment and basic services such as water, energy, and sanitation.

That mission is performed through multilevel and multi-partner collaboration and partnership with national and local governments, the private sector, civil society, and communities to implantation of the New Urban Agenda and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 11 which aims to make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient.

To achieve the vision, UN-Habitat follows a participatory approach that supports the government in planning, ownership, and management of human settlements, as well as giving incentives for further development by increasing the institutional capacity in sustainable development of human settlements.

For the last seven years, UN-Habitat has implemented several projects under the Kalobeyei Integrated Socio-Economic Development Programme (KISED) framework in Turkana West Sub-County with support from several donors including Government of Japan, Cities Alliance, Swiss Agency for Development, and the European Union Trust Fund for Africa.

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**UN-Habitat Supports COVID-19 Recovery efforts in Kalobeyei Settlement by conducting vocational trainings and awarding business grants to Refugee and Host Community Businesses**

22nd July 2022 - UN-Habitat in collaboration with the Danish Refugee Council organized a one-day meeting with the purpose of awarding grants to refugee business trainees, as part of a livelihood transformation and recovery scheme for hosts and refugees, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The ceremony was attended by the Africa Entrepreneurship Collective and participants from the host and refugee community businesses.

The project which was funded by the Government of Japan was started in 2021 following the COVID-19 pandemic that disrupted business and logistics locally and which led to the reduced incomes for refugee’s business and limited access to essential goods. The program was started as an initiative to build the capacity of refugee and hosts, within the business community, with skills that would promote an endogenous growth - goods and services which are produced locally can be exported to other regions or can also be used to substitute imported goods from other regions. This COVID-19 recovery measure is also aimed at promoting sustainable livelihoods, job creation and increased incomes to cushion them against similar natural shocks and disasters in the future.
Trainees were taught skills identified based on an initial market research conducted earlier - Pastry Making was the most popular choice, followed by Screen Printing, and Tie & Dye.

Out of the 70 applicants who applied, 60 applicants were selected to participate. 19 women participated in Tie & Dye, 31 women in Pastry Making, and 10 (2 women, 8 men) for Screen Printing. Out of the 60 businesses that were trained 30 of them qualified for short listing to receive grants to support their business initiation or growth.

UN-Habitat and Turkana County host a side event at World Urban Forum 11 on Area-based approaches and local development practices from Kakuma-Kalobeyei, Turkana County, Kenya

29th June 2022 - The World Urban Forum is a premier global event organised by UN-Habitat to bring together a wide spectrum of national and local governments, civil society, private sector, amongst other urban experts, to discuss, examine and share best practices on pressing urban development issues facing the world today including its impact on people, climate, and policy.

During WUF 11, the Turkana County Government hosted a side event with UN-Habitat, UNHCR and IFC and Cities Alliance. The side event addressed the WUF 11 theme and specifically, Dialogue 6: Building Urban Resilience. Highlighting the multi-actor collaboration efforts in Kakuma-Kalobeyei, the event aimed to promote the importance of ensuring a robust social and economic environment for host and refugees in the region, to support the transition towards achieving sustainable development and economic growth, supporting local government efforts towards attaining municipality status and achieving longer-term sustainability.

The Turkana County Government Minister of lands, Mr. Alexander Flemings Losikiria, presented on the rapid urbanisation in Kakuma and Kalobeyei driven mostly by refugees, touching on devolution and climate change induced displacement in the region. Given the protracted nature of the refugee situation in Kenya where refugees have been hosted in camps for over three decades, the county government emphasized on the current plan to have refugees included in urban development processes to promote local economic development and manage urban growth.

The presenter highlighted that the ongoing process of conferring a Municipality status for Kakuma Kalobeyei will bring a new paradigm which will see urban settlements in Kakuma and Kalobeyei integrated through urban planning within an urban set up. This includes an ongoing discussion on refugee inclusion planning and urban governance to ensure that their interest is considered the urban development strategy for the area.

UNHCR representative Ms. Theresa Beltramo presented on the evidence-based planning in Kakuma and Kalobeyei which has given insights to the economic benefits for hosting refugees and the eventual inclusion of refugees in local plans. This was through contribution to the Gross County Product and directly providing employment opportunities to the hosting community.

The presenter also highlighted the Kalobeyei Integrated Socio-Economic Development programme (KISED) which a government led, community based, and private sector-oriented development strategy aligned to local development plans. This is a 15-year initiative, which looks refugee inclusion through strengthening National solid Service delivery.

Ms. Luba Shara, Senior Operation Officer at the International Finance Corporation (IFC), Kenya shared about the role of the organizations in the private sector thematic working group in Kakuma and Kalobeyei and discussed the dynamics of private sector investments in the humanitarian sector. Ms. Luba highlighted that Kakuma refugee camp has now been in establishment for 32 years which has transformed the area into more of an urban.
She highlighted that even though there are significant investments done by humanitarian and development partners, there is still a lot to be done in terms of access to water electricity, educational services, waste removal, and jobs creations. IFC is therefore addressing challenges by attracting the private sector to contribute to local solutions in an area-based approach. IFC is ensuring that these private firms can open businesses locally, start new operations, and employ refugees and host community on an equal basis with an objective is to transition from humanitarian to development through private sector Investments.

Cities Alliance, an organization with a mandate for fighting poverty in urban areas, presented their work with a broad constituency of partners including, government, the slum-dwellers federation, and UN-Habitat. Ms Brigitte Hoermann, a Senior Migration Specialist from Cities Alliance, highlighted that the key areas of work have been building capacity, infrastructure development and engagement of citizens. They are implementing a cities and migration program, together with other Cities and local organizations in the Horn of Africa. These projects include refugee inclusion in Uganda, building market infrastructure for refugees in Adama, Ethiopia, and the programme focused on connecting systems of cities and secondary cities in the Northwestern corridor in Kenya. The Kenyan project which was implemented in partnership with UN-Habitat was targeted at building collaboration among cities in the northwestern region to take advantage of the LAPSSET Corridor developing the area. This was done through provision of technical support, and financial support with a goal of promoting Local Economic Development and creating jobs for both refugees and hosting communities.

UN-Habitat in Collaboration with NCCK completes the Construction of Inclusive Shelter for Persons with Special Needs

July 2022, Kalobeyei Settlement, Turkana County - Early this year, UN-Habitat and National Council of Churches of Kenya (NCCK) embarked on the process of construction of inclusive shelters for people with disabilities as well as those with special needs.

This process was initially triggered by the potential affects that the COVID-19 pandemic has had on the existing facilities and housing within the camp and the settlement setting. In the wake of COVID-19 outbreak a lot of direct or challenges and inequalities were anticipated because of the existing housing type and conditions. There was also a greater need to strengthen the need for involvement of persons with special needs in shelter planning, design and construction. This called for a need for a deeper understanding of the situation to effectively plan, respond and adapt amidst the existing challenges exacerbated by the COVID-19 Pandemic. Essentially, exposed and localized challenges and opportunities regarding shelter habitability and functionality within the settlement should be explored and addressed.

After a critical preliminary assessment was conducted, it was revealed that there was a need for adaptations or modification of shelters particularly those occupied with persons disabilities and those with special needs. The communities and the partners engaged acknowledge the need to explore and trial an innovative design that suits the needs of people with disabilities as well as those with special needs.

To achieve this, collaborative community and partner engagements were done that culminated in a designed inclusive shelter model and the eventual construction and improvement the actual shelters across all the villages in Kalobeyei Settlement.
This process was made possible as a result of a partnership between UN-Habitat and UNHCR who were key collaborators in the stages of beneficiaries’ selection, site planning and identification, as well as shelter design. Other partners included NGOs working on protection and health issues in the settlement such as Humanity and Inclusion (HI), Danish Refugee Council (DRC), Kenya Red Cross Society (KRCS) and AICHM.

The entire project was made possible due to concerted effort of our main implementing partner National Council of Churches of Kenya (NCCK) and in the end, 20 shelters were constructed for both host and refugees’ communities and the selected beneficiaries from both communities allocated the shelters.

The shelters constructed consists of internal partitions separating sleeping and living areas from the kitchen. The doors to the shelters are durable, strong and wide enough to accommodate wheelchairs and equipped with ramps for ease of access. In addition, 15 shelters are constructed of locally sourced, natural Turkana solid blocks while 5 shelters were constructed of hollow blocks. The shelter design can be adopted by other partners and scaled up to more areas within the settlement too.

UN-Habitat partners with SPEC Company from Japan to construct road in Kalobeyei Settlement using STEIN Technology

UN-Habitat partnered with a Japanese Company, SPEC Company Ltd, to rehabilitate and construct a section of earth road in Kalobeyei Settlement to ease movement and enhance accessibility and connectivity.

The technology being introduced is a possible long-term solution to road works in the settlement. The technology which involves the use of soil hardener called STEIN, conditioned and pulverized soil and gravel, improves the quality of the existing road.

In the recent past, service delivery and mobility within the settlement has been hampered by poor road conditions and under-developed roads networks. Through this partnership, UN-Habitat in collaboration with Peace Winds Japan embarked on construction of a 500m section of the road to demonstrate effectiveness of this technology.
The actual construction and technical work were supervised by the team from SPEC Company in conjunction with UN-Habitat and PWJ Technical team. The construction was community led with use of machineries for site clearing, earthwork, drainage work and levelling of the section as the members of the community carried out soil conditioning, pulverization and STEIN Chemical mixing. STEIN spreading as well as compaction was done by machineries mobilized by UN-Habitat through PWJ.

Prior to commencement of the road construction, UN-Habitat and PWJ had initiated the process of identifying the most adversely affected road in the settlement. This was a community led process coupled by technical assessment using GIS to inform the roads that required urgent intervention within the settlement. The result prioritizes the roads based on their conditions and the role they play in the settlement. The road connecting Public Space 2 in Village 2 to the existing UN-Habitat community centre was selected to enhance connection with the existing basic facilities as well as to enhance connectivity with the planned UNHCR tarmacked road and the main A1 Road.

In addition, jointly with PWJ and SPEC, UN-Habitat organized a community engagement training forum with members from both the host and refugee communities living within Kakuma and Kalobeyei Settlement. During the one-day forum, the SPEC Contracted Engineer from APAN took the members through the processes of road construction using STEIN Technology.

The engineer also emphasized the importance of health and safety on site during the construction period and therefore, the labor force, both skilled and non-skilled, were trained on health and safety measures to be observed on site as well as the utilization of tools to be used during the construction.
After the completion of the work, the community members and leadership presence lauded the project and explained the important role it is going to play in the community setup through enhanced accessibility. UN-Habitat and partners are convinced this technology if adopted will boost the utilisation and access of the road network within the Settlement.

UN-Habitat finalizes the Rehabilitation of Public Space 1 and Public Space 2 in Kalobeyei Settlement

Public spaces have shown to be key public infrastructure facilitating COVID-19 recovery in Kalobeyei Settlement. Through this project, a study on public spaces in Kalobeyei Settlement was commissioned to establish the existing public spaces - their state, accessibility, inclusivity and their level of use by men, women, children and the elderly, from the host and refugee communities.

The study employed tools like ethnographic studies, transect walks, focus group discussions (FGDs), key informant interviews (KIIs), community barazas and questionnaires among other data collection tools. The results of the study culminated in a set of recommendations that were proposed to enhance usage of the public spaces by both men/boys and women/girls from the host and refugee communities.

These recommendations were further synthesized in design workshops with the community, with the result being concept proposals and eventual construction designs of specific elements within the Public Spaces 1 and 2 in Kalobeyei Settlement.

As per the needs of the community, the design features included additional shaded areas, provision of shading for swings meant for use by young children, modification of existing swings to enhance comfort and safety, sanitation facilities, play infrastructure for children, an amphitheater, tyre seating around sports facilities and additional green areas. However, due to fund constraints, only a few of the designed facilities were implemented during the project period. Construction activities to implement these designs started by selection of construction teams - an exercise that considered gender, diversity and inclusivity. To ensure that everyone got a chance to work on the project, a schedule was developed where unskilled persons were only engaged for a few days before allowing the next cohort of unskilled persons to take their turn in the construction work. Skilled workers were drawn from the refugee and host communities while all construction materials were sourced locally. The construction activities were supervised by Kounkuey Design Initiative (KDI) the main implementing partner and UN-Habitat.

UN-Habitat constructs an Underground Water Tank in the Womens’ Centre in Kalobeyei Settlement Village 3

The lack of water has been a serious challenge in Turkana County, Kenya, and thus also Kalobeyei Settlement. Water that is available is predominantly accessed locally through boreholes. Water harvesting is a phenomenon that has not been utilized greatly in the region but has a lot of potential. When it rains in Turkana, most of the water is lost, as the rainwater travels downstream as surface run off, sometimes even resulting in flooding. Small ponds lose water through evaporation and seepage.

In 2019, through a collaboration between UN-Habitat and Daiken Corporation Ltd, a Japan based private sector firm, a water collection and storage strategy was adopted in Kalobeyei, that involved water harvesting from roofs of existing buildings and storage in Tametotto tanks. The first project was implemented at the UN-Habitat Kalobeyei Settlement Community Center in Village 2. This unit has been helpful to the community center by complementing water that is supplied by UNHCR which is inadequate to cover community water needs.

From the success of the 2019 project, and the feedback from the host and refugee community, UN-Habitat collaborated again with Daiken to implement a similar project in Village 3, at a women's center that is managed by the Danish Refugee Council (DRC). The project components included the installation of rainwater collection gutters, the Tametotto tank, and a water distribution system.
UPCOMING EVENTS

• Dadaab Regeneration Workshops.
• Kakuma-Kalobeyei Regeneration workshops.

The first step in accomplishing these components was the development of a design, which was done jointly by Daiken and UN-Habitat’s technical teams. Based on the lessons from the first project, the design team replaced the hand pump (that was used in the first project) with a solar powered pump. The pump is expected to convey water from the Tametotto tank to an overhead tank, from where it will be distributed by gravity. This design was then presented to the community and potential beneficiaries of the projects for validation. Skilled and unskilled teams were then selected in an inclusive manner and a short briefing session conducted with them to explain how the system would work.

The project implementation was supervised by Daiken, DRC and UN-Habitat. The water tank will be maintained and managed by DRC and the community moving forward. When full, the water tank can provide 500 liters of water daily for the users of the Women’s center. UN-Habitat is confident that these innovative interventions in Kalobeyei can contribute to ensuring the sustainable development of the Kalobeyei Settlement through ensuring more consistent and reliable water sources for its beneficiaries.