

**HSP** 

HSP/EB.2021/13/Add.1

**UN@HABITAT** 

Executive Board of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme

Distr.: General 25 August 2021

Original: English

Executive Board of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme Second session of 2021 Online, 15 and 16 November 2021 Item 4 of the provisional agenda\*

Financial, budgetary and administrative matters, including the implementation of the resource mobilization strategy in accordance with the strategic plan

# Financial, budgetary and administrative matters: implementation of the resource mobilization strategy in accordance with the strategic plan

# **Report of the Executive Director**

- 1. In October 2020, the Executive Board approved the resource mobilization strategy for the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat). The main goal of the strategy is to assure funding that is adequate, predictable and flexible to enable the Programme to deliver the results of its strategic plan for the period 2020–2023. The strategy has six main objectives:
  - (a) To secure adequate funding;
- (b) To support delivery of urban Sustainable Development Goal targets and the New Urban Agenda in a manner that is aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework at the country level and with the United Nations Funding Compact;
  - (c) To develop and enhance strategic partnerships with funding partners;
  - (d) To diversify the UN-Habitat donor base;
- (e) To demonstrate that UN-Habitat implements programmes in an accountable, efficient, transparent manner that produces transformative results and impact;
  - (f) To find innovative partnerships and funding sources.
- 2. The objectives of the strategy are summarized in figure 1.
- 3. Following the second session of 2020 of the Executive Board, in October 2020, the target for non-earmarked resources for the period 2020–2023 was revised down from the initial \$109 million to \$41 million, in line with the request by Member States to reduce the budget of the Programme and align it with the income trends of recent years.

<sup>\*</sup> HSP/EB.2021/12.

Figure 1 UN-Habitat resource mobilization strategy objectives

ADEQUATE FUNDING
Regular budget \$60 million
Foundation non-earmarked
Foundation earmarked \$262 million
Technical cooperation \$607 million
Total \$970 million

ALIGNMENT
Urban dimensions of the Sustainable Development
Goals and the New Urban Agenda
UN-Habitat strategic plan
National strategic plans
United Nations Sustainable Development
Cooperation Framework
United Nations Funding Compact

3

# STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

Joint strategy development
Multi-year agreements
Pooled funding
Large-scale high-impact programmes

4

### DIVERSIFIED DONOR BASE

More Member States contributing Domestic resources Private sector, local authorities, other Multi-donor pooled funds



5

## VALUE FOR MONEY

Results-focused Efficient Transparent Accountable



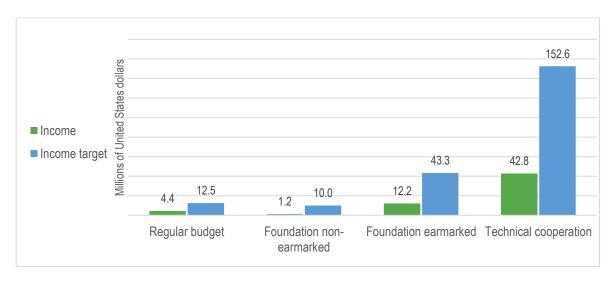
INNOVATION

Blended funding: loans, grants
National committees
High-net-worth individuals, influencers
Online donations
Technology support, social media, etc.



- 4. In June 2021, the Executive Board requested that future reports on the implementation of the resource mobilization strategy should include factual and analytical information pertaining to the achievement of the objectives of the resource mobilization strategy.
- 5. Provisional 2021 income acquisition figures as at 30 June 2021 for the various funds are shown in figure 2, compared to income target figures. Non-earmarked contributions received amounted to \$1.2 million, of which \$0.5 million were contributions for previous years. The \$1.2 million in contributions represented 12 per cent of the annual target of \$10.0 million. The Foundation earmarked fund provided global programmes with \$12.2 million, representing 28 per cent of the annual target. Contributions to the technical cooperation fund amounted to \$42.8 million, or 28 per cent of the annual target.

Figure 2
Provisional income acquisition and income target figures as at 30 June 2021



6. The top 10 Member States contributing to the various funds are shown in table 1.

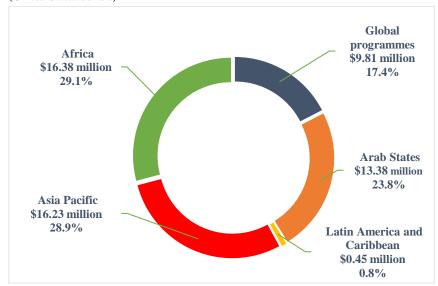
Table 1 **Top 10 Member States contributing to UN-Habitat funds** 

Foundation non-earmarked	Foundation earmarked	Technical cooperation
Mexico*	Switzerland	Japan
China	Japan	Ethiopia
South Africa	China	Spain
Egypt	Poland	Denmark
Philippines*	Kuwait	China
Japan	Jordan	Republic of Korea
Barbados	European Union	India
Mali	Israel	
Algeria	Italy	
Malawi		

<sup>\*</sup> Includes contributions for previous years received in 2021.

7. The allocation of 2021 income to the various regions is shown in figure 3. Funding provided to the Africa region is highest, primarily for the preparation of regional development spatial plans for regional States in Ethiopia. A number of pipeline agreements are expected to be signed by the end of 2021.

Figure 3
Allocation of 2021 income as at 30 June 2021 to UN-Habitat implementing regions (United States dollars)



- 8. As at 19 August 2021, the non-earmarked income projection stood at US\$3.3 million, of which US\$0.8 million had been received, US\$1.6 million had been pledged and US\$0.9 was expected to be received from Member States that have historically contributed. The Executive Director and directors continue to hold bilateral meetings with Member States with a view to meeting the approved budget of US\$10 million. Certain Member States have already expressed interest and further commitments are anticipated in the final quarter of the year.
- 9. In 2020, non-earmarked contributions amounted to \$4.3 million, of which \$0.3 million were contributions for previous years. The net \$4 million in contributions for 2020 represented 21 per cent of the annual target of \$18.9 million. In view of the continuing difficulty in raising core funds, Member States approved a reduced budget of \$10 million for 2021. Earmarked funds performed better, with contributions to the Foundation earmarked fund providing global programmes with \$53.2 million or 84 per cent of the annual target. Contributions to the technical cooperation fund amounted to \$138.3 million or 94 per cent of the annual target.

- 10. Following Executive Board approval of the UN-Habitat work programme and budget for 2021 in October 2020, UN-Habitat transmitted an appeal for core contributions to Member States and organized a *Partner and Pledge for Sustainable Urbanization* event in December 2020, co-chaired by the Executive Director and the President of the UN-Habitat Assembly, to mobilize resources in support of the approved programme of work. A total of \$164.1 million in new funding was announced, mainly for earmarked programmes, with only \$1.1 million being pledged for core activities, highlighting the need for renewed commitment to support the Foundation non-earmarked fund as a pillar of the organization's approved programme of work.
- 11. Response to the COVID-19 crisis continues to be a top priority for all countries. UN-Habitat launched its COVID-19 response plan in April 2020 and developed a separate, dedicated resource mobilization strategy for raising \$72 million to implement the response plan in 64 countries. As at 30 November 2020, a total of \$22.1 million had been mobilized from new contributions, reprogrammed funds, new pledges and an internal emergency fund, leaving outstanding requirements of \$49.9 million.
- 12. Aligning the resources of UN-Habitat with its national and global mandates is a key objective of the resource mobilization strategy. To ensure that all programmes are aligned with the strategic plan to deliver the urban dimensions of the Sustainable Development Goals, UN-Habitat has strengthened its Programme Review Committee, which approves all new projects after verifying alignment with national and global mandates. UN-Habitat has identified a list of 15 priority countries for greater engagement in common country analyses to improve alignment of country programmes with national strategies, working with the wider United Nations system to deliver high-impact country programmes in line with the United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework. That will also support implementation of the United Nations system-wide strategy on sustainable urban development and provide a firm basis for new portfolio development in those countries.
- 13. Another important objective of the UN-Habitat resource mobilization strategy is the development of more strategic relationships with Member States and other development partners to support long-term, high-impact programmes and achieve results at scale. In that area, strategic dialogues were held between UN-Habitat executive management, individual Member States and regional groups. In November 2020, UN-Habitat held joint donor consultations co-chaired by representatives of Norway and Sweden, which resulted in a better understanding of Member States' priorities and identified key areas for enhanced collaboration on sustainable urbanization programmes. Another important initiative in that respect was the formalization of a donor focal point system to nurture relationships with existing and new donors and to provide donors with a single point of contact to respond to their needs and improve coordination. In May 2021, UN-Habitat held consultations with the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency for the presentation of the outcomes and results of an ongoing programme cooperation agreement valued at US\$20.8 million. Regional group meetings with Member States were held in June 2021.
- 14. At the tenth session of the World Urban Forum, held in Abu Dhabi from 8 to 13 February 2020, in line with the United Nations Funding Compact, UN-Habitat launched five flagship programmes to attract funds for long-term programmes that aim to achieve impact at scale in the thematic areas of the strategic plan and accelerate the achievement of the urban Sustainable Development Goals. Since the launch, negotiations have continued to secure support for those flagship programmes, in particular for the following three programmes: Sustainable Development Goal Cities, Inclusive Cities: Enhancing the Positive Impact of Urban Migration, and RISE-UP: Resilient Settlements for the Urban Poor.
- 15. New income in 2020 towards other pooled funds includes \$12.5 million for climate resilience programmes from the Adaptation Fund, \$2.0 million for the Global Land Tool Network and \$1.5 million for the Participatory Slum Upgrading Programme. UN-Habitat work on housing was highlighted during Urban October as part of the "Housing for All" campaign and by an independent impact evaluation of the UN-Habitat housing approach to adequate and affordable housing and poverty reduction. The evaluation (2008–2019) clearly demonstrates the impact of the work of the Programme in that area and provides independent evidence for future funding initiatives.
- 16. In 2019, the top 10 donors provided 82 per cent of total contributions, highlighting the need to broaden and diversify the Programme's donor base. Table 2 lists the non-Member-State donors among the top 10 donors to the Foundation earmarked fund (which finances global programmes) and the technical cooperation fund (which finances country and regional programmes), demonstrating the results of efforts made to broaden and diversify the donor base.

 ${\bf Table~2} \\ {\bf Non-Member-State~donors~among~the~top~10~donors~to~the~Foundation~earmarked~and~technical~cooperation~funds}$ 

Foundation earmarked fund	Technical cooperation fund
Sweden	European Union
European Union	Japan
Germany	Adaptation Fund
United Arab Emirates	United Nations entities
Japan	Sweden
Morocco	Norway
Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation	Awash Welday General Contractor
Block by Block	Government of the State of Alagoas, Brazil
United Nations entities	Alwaleed Philanthropies
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Qatar

- 17. To address the priority of diversifying and broadening the UN-Habitat donor base, a Foundation and Philanthropy Platform was established in October 2020, initially with two work streams: one to provide innovative financing for sustainable cities and a second to provide support for entrepreneurship, particularly for cities with a large youth population. New partnerships with foundations have been established, with some providing support for the UN-Habitat COVID-19 response plan. Negotiations are also ongoing to create new partnerships to support the use of inclusive cutting-edge technologies to improve the well-being of young people.
- 18. An online donation platform has been established to mobilize individual contributions and crowdsourcing for humanitarian work, and progress has been made on a targeted endowment fund to attract new funding. To strengthen outreach to donors through social media, pro bono training has been provided by Inonda Marketing, a digital marketing consultancy based in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, with an emphasis on improved targeting and effective engagement with potential donors with shared priorities through the LinkedIn platform.
- 19. To demonstrate value for money and improve communications, UN-Habitat has improved its *Urban Impact* quarterly newsletter, distributed to over 14,000 partners and all Member States, to highlight the impact of its work. In addition, a monthly income update for Member States has been introduced to show the results of resource mobilization efforts and acknowledge support from partners. Progress has also been noted in strengthening the capacity of staff on resource mobilization through the provision of training on the UN-Habitat Donor Information System and by developing standard operating procedures on resource mobilization, advocacy and communications, which are now included in the UN-Habitat operations manual.