What are the components of the UN System? https://www.un.org/en/pdfs/un system chart.pdf
☐ Functional Commissions (statistical, status of women, social development, population);
Economic Commissions (ECLAC and all regions); Other Bodies (Committee on NGOs, UNAIDS, UNRISD, etc.).
☐ Funds and Programmes: UNDP (UNV and CDF), UNEP, UNFPA, UN-Habitat, UNICEF, and WFP
Specialized Agencies: FAO, ICAO, IFAD, ILO, IMF, IMO, ITU, UNESCO, UNIDO, UNWTO, UPU, WHO, WMO, WB; Other Entities: ITC, UNCTAD, UNHCR, UNOPS, UNRWA, UN-Women
☐ 13 Peacekeeping Operations and 11 Political Missions: mandated by the United Nations Security Council, administered by the DPO and DPPA, and executed by SRSGs
Other Secretariat Departments and Offices: EOSG, DCO, DESA, DGAMC, DGC, DMSPC, DOS, DSS, OCHA, OCT, ODA, OHCHR, OIOS, OLA, OSAA, UNDRR, UNODC, UNOG, OHRLLS, UNOP, UNON, UNOP, UNOV, SRSG-CAAC, SRSG-SVC, SRSG-VAC.

Evolution of UN-Habitat from Committee to Centre to Programme ☐ Committee on Housing, Building and Planning, established by ECOSOC resolution 903 C (XXXIV), August 1962, in New York, comprised of professional planners, architects, and engineers, addressing urgent housing shortages and challenges of urbanization United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation, established by GA, 3327 (XXIX) of 1975, as part of UNEP, to mobilize finance for housing and human settlements. United Nations Centre for Human Settlements: established by GA in its resolution A/RES/32/162 of 1977, based in Nairobi, incorporating both the Committee on Housing, Building and Planning *and* the United Nations Habitat and Human Settlements Foundation. ☐ United Nations Human Settlements Programme: established by GA in its resolution A/RES/56/206 of Dec 2001, following special session of GA, Istanbul + 5, Aug 2001.

What are the global coordination mechanisms of the United Nations?
☐ Chief Executives Board for Coordination (semi-annually)
☐ High-Level Committee on Programmes (semi-annually prior to CEB)
☐ High-Level Committee on Management (semi-annually prior to CEB)
☐ Senior Management Group (monthly)
☐ Executive Committee (weekly)
☐ United Nations Sustainable Development Group (semi-annually, ad hoc)
☐ Inter-Agency Standing Committee Humanitarian Affairs (semi-annually, ad hoc





How does UN-Habitat advance mandate through global coordination mechanisms?	
☐ SMG on Urbanization, June 2018: ED presents New Urban Agenda; SG concludes that urbanization a megatrend and that will require a whole-of-system approach.	
☐ HLCP, September 2018 — April 2019: Chair of HLCP and DG, ILO Guy Ryder establishes inter-agency task force led by UN-Habitat to develop systemwide strategy	
☐ CEB May 2019: SG endorses UN systemwide strategy on sustainable urban development	
SMG on Future of Cities, July 2020: SG notes the importance of cities in fight against COVID and as a driver of sustainable development, especially green recovery.	
☐ Task Force on Future of Cities, Nov. 2020: ASG Volker Turk, on behalf of SG, establishes task force to review role of local governments in the future of multilateralism	
HLCP, April — November 2021: in coordination with EOSG and Task Force on Future of Cities, HLCP conducts review of Implementation of UN systemwide strategy on systematic urban development	'AT

What is the QCPR and what are the origins of UN Reform? □Objectives of the General Assembly — Utilize the SDGs as a framework for integrated programming to increase coherence among disparate UN entities; ensure country ownership; improve accountability and efficiency; leverage UN to enable countries mobilize public and private resources to achieve the SDGs; better harness UN regional assets Quadrennial Comprehensive Policy Review 2017-2020 — in December 2016, the GA adopts A/RES/71/243 calling upon the Secretary-General to align the operational activities for the development of the UN system with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. □ Repositioning the UN Development System — in June 2018, GA adopts A/RES/72/279 calling upon the Secretary-General to establish new coordination structures to support the integration of the UN development system in the context of the QCPR 2017-2020.

QCPR 2021-2024 — A/RES/75/233, UN reform, from structures to results at scale.

UN Reforms at Country-Level

- □ Revitalization of UN Resident Coordinator System: Resident Coordination reporting to SG/DSG through Development Coordination Office; RC assumes political, strategic and coordination roles for UN system; Resident Coordinator Office established with head, economist, political officer, and data analyst; 360-degree Mutual Accountability Framework.

 □ UN Country Teams and Instruments: Common Country Analysis; United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework; Implementation and Monitoring of Strategic Results Pillars; Configuration of UNCTs based on UNSDCFs; Common Back Office
- ☐ Humanitarian Contexts: Alignment of Resident Coordinators, Humanitarian Coordinators and Heads of Political Missions; integration of development, humanitarian and peace and security operations; alignment of Country Strategic Framework with UNSDCF.
- Small Island and Developing Countries: Revitalization of multi-country offices.

Emerging UN Regional Architecture

Regional Forum on Sustainable Development: annual meeting of Member States to review progress on achievement of SDGs, advise UN system on priorities and strategy, provide input to annual High-Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development (NY, July) ☐ Regional Collaboration Platform: platform for representatives of all UN entities culminating in annual meeting first quarter each year to adopt regional annual action plans; chaired by Deputy Secretary-General with Economic Commissions and UNDP serving as Vice-Chairs, Development Coordination Office as Secretariat, and all UN regional representatives ☐ **Regional Instruments:** Issue-Based Coalitions; UN entity focal point system for select countries; Data and Knowledge Management Hubs **□ Regional and Sub-Regional Structures:** Economic Commissions, UN Global Service Delivery Hubs, UN entity regional knowledge hubs; historical regional offices of UN entities

Alignment of UN-Habitat strategy and structure to support UN reform

- Development, establishing subprogrammes designed to leverage the New Urban Agenda to reduce poverty and inequality (SP1); contribute to economic transformation (SP2); advance climate action and environment (SP3); and reduce crisis and enhance recovery (SP4).
- Organizational Structure: launched in 2020, the new structure establishes branches in divisions in Nairobi HQ mandated to provide technical support to and assess country operations, including UN-Habitat contributions to CCAs and UNSDCFs; appoints regional representatives to position urban issues in regional collaboration platforms and provide political support to country operations; introduces sub-regional offices that support UN country teams to design urban programs, provide integrated policy support, and execute technical cooperation projects; assigns New York Office to facilitate UN systemwide coordination.







THANK YOU!



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