New Urban Agenda Monitoring Framework

Presenter name
Unit
UN-Habitat
Date
NUA Guidelines circulation

4/3/2019

Consultations with all branches within UN-HABITAT.
Consultations with Regional Commissions.

3/2019 – 8/2019

9/2019

Consultation with Member States

2/2020

Introduce the NUAMF

3/2020 – 3/2022

Data collection based on NUAMF.
Production of voluntary country reports on NUA implementation based on the NUAMF.

1/2022 – 6/2022

Preparation of Quadrennial Report to the GA on NUA implementation
The New Urban Agenda Monitoring Framework (NUAMF)

Categories

- Social Inclusion and Ending Poverty: 3 Sub-categories
- Sustainable and inclusive urban prosperity and opportunities for all: 2 Sub-categories
- Environmentally sustainable and resilient urban development: 2 Sub-categories

Transformative commitments

- Building Governance Structure: 6 Sub-categories
- Planning and Managing Urban Spatial Development: 7 Sub-categories
- Means of Implementation: 3 Sub-categories

Effective implementation

Sub-categories
Transformative commitments: Social Inclusion and Ending Poverty

- Eradicate poverty
- Address inequality
- Enhance social inclusion
- Ensure access to public spaces

19: Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex...

34: Length of bicycle lane to length of roads

35: Length of sidewalks to length of roads
Transformative commitments:
Social Inclusion and Ending Poverty

- Access to Adequate Housing
  - Ensure access to adequate and affordable housing
  - Ensure access to sustainable housing finance options
  - Support security of tenure
  - Establish slum upgrading programmes
  - Integrate housing into urban development plans

31: Ratio of the median annual rent of a dwelling unit and the median annual household income of tenants; and Ratio of the median free-market price of a dwelling unit and the median annual household income.

37: Percentage of people living in affordable housing
Transformative commitments:
Social Inclusion and Ending Poverty

Access to Basic Services
- Access to safe drinking water, sanitation
- Access to safe and efficient public transport system
- Access to modern renewable energy

Percentage of commuters using public transport: 42%
Transformative commitments:
Sustainable and inclusive urban prosperity and opportunities for all

- Inclusive Urban Economy
  - Promote productive employment for all
  - Support the informal economy
  - Support small- and medium-sized enterprises
  - Promote an enabling, fair and responsible environment for business and innovation

11: Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training
8: Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person
Transformative commitments:
Sustainable and inclusive urban prosperity and opportunities for all

- Support the diversification of the urban economy
- Develop technical and entrepreneurial skills
- Strengthen urban-rural linkages to maximize productivity

44: Employment in cultural and creative industries as proportion of total employment
12: Manufacturing employment as proportion of total employment
Transformative commitments:
Environmentally sustainable and resilient urban development

- Resilience, Mitigation, and Adaption of Cities and Human Settlements
  - Address urban sprawl and loss of biodiversity
  - Climate change mitigation and adaptation actions
  - Develop systems to reduce the impact of natural and human-made disasters
  - Build urban resilience through quality infrastructure and spatial planning

15: Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate.
46: Percentage of land under protected natural areas.
Transformative commitments: Environmentally sustainable and resilient urban development

- Implement environmentally sound management of water resources and coastal areas
- Promote resource conservation and waste reduction, reuse, and recycling
- Strengthen the sustainable management of natural resources in urban areas
- Adopt a smart-city approach that leverages digitization, clean energy and technologies
- Existence of an enforced coastal and/or land management plan.
Effective implementation: Building Governance Structure: Establishing a supportive Framework

- Decentralization to enable subnational and local governments undertake their assigned responsibilities
- Linking urban policies to finance mechanisms and budgets
- Legal and policy frameworks to enhance the ability of governments to implement urban policies
  - Strengthen the capacity of local and subnational governments to implement local and metropolitan multilevel governance
  - Promote participatory, age- and gender-responsive approaches to urban policy and planning
  - Promote women’s full participation in all fields and all levels of decision-making

59: Quality of law
Effective implementation:
Planning and Managing Urban Spatial Development

- Integrated and balanced territorial development policies
- Integrate housing into urban development plans
- Inclusion of culture as a priority component of urban planning
- Planned urban extensions and infill, urban renewal and regeneration of urban areas
- Improved capacity for urban planning and design, and training for urban planners at all levels of government
- Strengthening the role of small and intermediate cities and towns
- Promote sustainable multimodal public transport systems including non-motorized options

28: Population Density
29: Land-use mix
62: Number and per cent of new population “accommodated” in a plan or city extension
Effective implementation:
Means of Implementation

- Mobilization of Financial Resources
- Capacity Development
- Information Technology and Innovation
Mobilization of financial resources

Develop financing frameworks for implementing the NUA at all levels of government.

Mobilize endogenous (internal) sources of finance and expand the revenue base of subnational and local governments.

Promote sound systems of financial transfers from national to subnational and local governments based on needs, priorities and functions.

Mobilize and establish financial intermediaries (multilateral institutions, regional development banks, subnational and local development funds; pooled financing mechanisms etc.) for urban financing.

67: Stable existence of “transfer formula” in the last 5 years, without major changes, meaning reductions of more than 10%.
Thank you

Presenter name
e-mail